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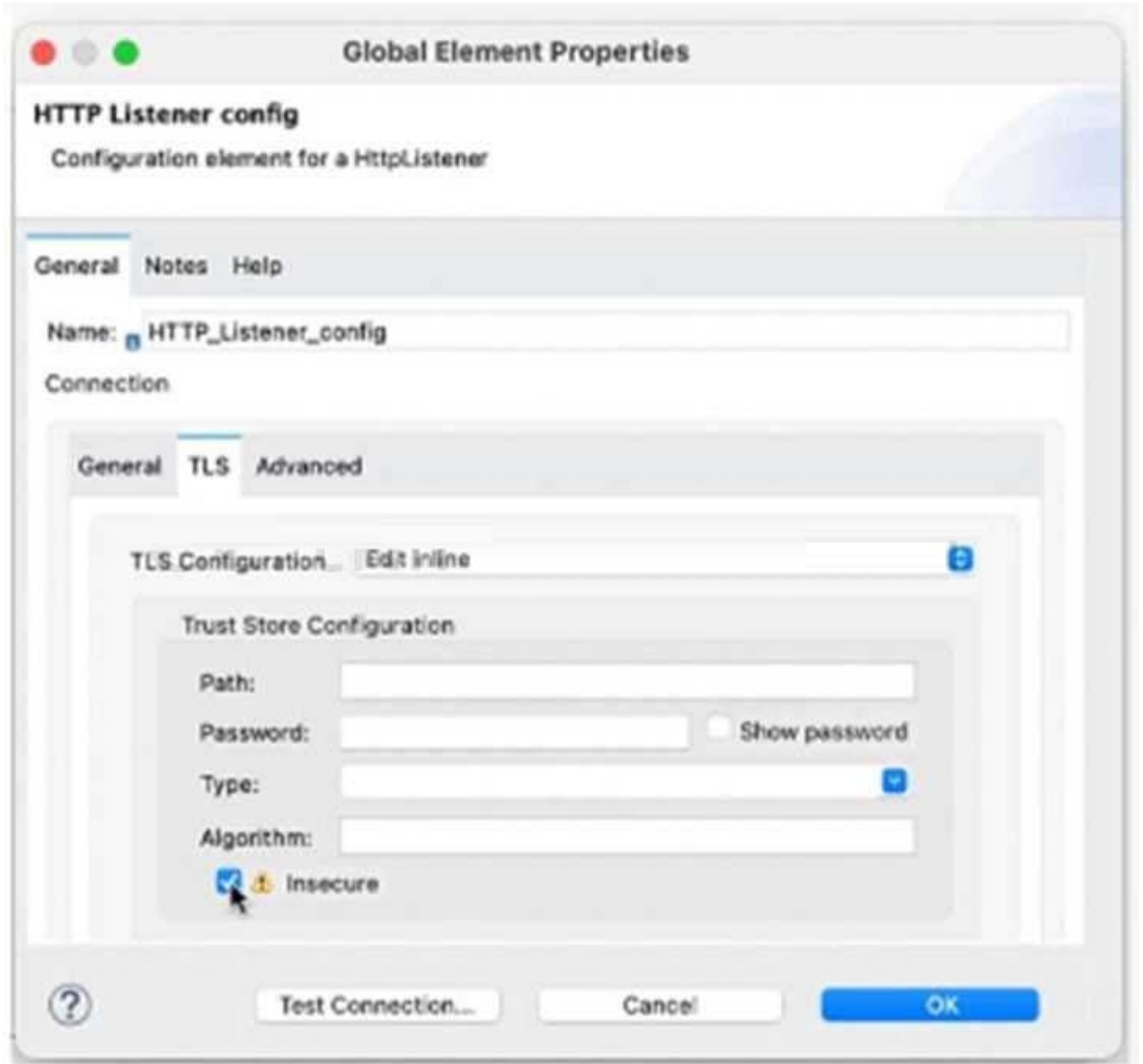
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QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.



What is the result if "Insecure" selected as part of the HTTP Listener configuration?

- A. The HTTP Listener will trust any certificate presented by the HTTP client
- B. The HTTP Lister will accept any unauthenticated request
- C. The HTTP listener will only accept HTTP requests
- D. Mutual TLS authentication will be enabled between this HTTP Listener and an HTTP client



Correct Answer: C

Based on the exhibit below, if "Insecure" is selected as part of the HTTP Listener configuration, the HTTP listener will only accept HTTP requests. This means that no TLS context will be configured for this listener and no encryption or authentication will be applied to incoming requests. The protocol attribute of this listener will be set to HTTP instead of HTTPS.

Reference:

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/http-connector.6/http-listener-ref#insecure>

QUESTION 2

Which command is used to convert a JKS keystore to PKCS12?

- A. `Keytool-importkeystore "srckeystore keystore.p12-srcstoretype PKCS12 "destkeystore keystore.jks "deststoretype JKS`
- B. `Keytool-importkeystore "srckeystore keystore.p12-srcstoretype JKS "destkeystore keystore.p12 " deststoretype PKCS12`
- C. `Keytool-importkeystore "srckeystore keystore.jks-srcstoretype JKS "destkeystore keystore.p12 " deststoretype PKCS12`
- D. `Keytool-importkeystore "srckeystore keystore.jks-srcstoretype PKCS12 "destkeystore keystore.p12 "deststoretype JKS`

Correct Answer: B

To convert a JKS keystore to PKCS12, the developer needs to use the `keytool-importkeystore` command with the following options: `-srckeystore keystore.jks -srcstoretype JKS -destkeystore keystore.p12 -deststoretype PKCS12`. This command imports all entries from a source JKS keystore (`keystore.jks`) into a destination PKCS12 keystore (`keystore.p12`).

Reference:

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/tools/keytool.html#GUID-5990A2E4-78E3-47B7-AE75-6D1826259549>

QUESTION 3

Which plugin or dependency is required to unit test modules created with XML SDK?

- A. XMLUnit
- B. Junit
- C. MUnit Extensions Maven plugin
- D. MUnit Maven plugin

Correct Answer: C



To unit test modules created with XML SDK, the developer needs to use the MUnit Extensions Maven plugin. This plugin allows testing XML SDK modules using MUnit by adding a dependency to the module under test and using a custom

processor tag to invoke it.

Reference:

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-sdk.1/xml-sdk#testing>

QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.

```
<secureProperties>  
  <tls.keyStore.password>${tls.keyStore.password}</tls.keyStore password>  
</secureProperties>
```

What is the result of the Mule Maven Plugin configuration of the value of property `its.keystorePassword` in CloudHub 2.0?

- A. CloudHub encrypts the value
- B. The Mule server encrypts the value
- C. Anypoint Studio secures the value
- D. Runtime Manager masks the value

Correct Answer: D

The result of the Mule Maven Plugin configuration of the value of property `its.keystorePassword` in CloudHub 2.0 is that Runtime Manager masks the value. This means that Runtime Manager hides or obscures the value from anyone who views it in Runtime Manager or Anypoint Platform.

Reference:

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/runtime-manager/runtime-manager-agent-for-mule4#properties-tab>

QUESTION 5

Two APIs are deployed to a two-node on-prem cluster. Due to a requirements change, the two APIs must communicate to exchange data asynchronously.

- A. If the two APIs use the same domain, the VM Connector can be leveraged
- B. The VM Connector is used to inter-application communication, so it is not possible to use the VM Connector
- C. Instead of using the VM Connector use directly



D. It is not possible to use the VM Connector since the APIs are running in a cluster mode and each mode has its own set of VM Queues

Correct Answer: A

To communicate asynchronously between two APIs deployed to a two-node on-prem cluster, the developer can use the VM Connector if the two APIs use the same domain. The VM Connector allows passing messages between different Mule applications within a single Mule runtime instance or across different instances using shared memory or persistent storage. If two APIs are deployed under the same domain, they can share resources such as VM queues and communicate asynchronously using VM Connector operations. [https:// docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime.3/vmconnector](https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime.3/vmconnector)
<https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime.3/shared-resources>

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